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General Physics II, Quiz 7 PHYS10000AA, Class year 99 3-24-2011

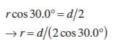
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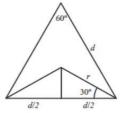
Chapter 25, Serway; ABSOLUTELY NO CHEATING!

Please write the answers on the blank space or on the back of this paper to save resources.

1.

\*P25.13 By symmetry, a line from the center to each vertex forms a 30° angle with each side of the triangle. The figure shows the relationship between the length d of a side of the equilateral triangle and the distance r from a vertex to the center:





ANS FIG. P25.13

The electric potential at the center is

$$\begin{split} V &= k_e \sum_i \frac{q_i}{r_i} = k_e \left( \frac{Q}{d/(2\cos 30.0^\circ)} + \frac{Q}{d/(2\cos 30.0^\circ)} + \frac{2Q}{d/(2\cos 30.0^\circ)} \right) \\ V &= (4) \left( 2\cos 30.0^\circ \ k_e \frac{Q}{d} \right) = \boxed{6.93 k_e \frac{Q}{d}} \end{split}$$

2.

P25.27 A cube has 12 edges and 6 faces. Consequently, there are 12 edge pairs separated by s,  $2 \times 6 = 12$  face diagonal pairs separated by  $\sqrt{2}s$ , and 4 interior diagonal pairs separated by  $\sqrt{3}s$ .

$$U = \frac{k_e q^2}{s} \left[ 12 + \frac{12}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \right] = 22.8 \frac{k_e q^2}{s}$$

3.

**P25.45** Substituting given values into  $V = \frac{k_e q}{r}$ 

$$7.50 \times 10^3 \text{ V} = \frac{\left(8.99 \times 10^9 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)q}{0.300 \text{ m}}$$

Substituting  $q = 2.50 \times 10^{-7} \text{ C}$ ,

$$N = \frac{2.50 \times 10^{-7} \text{ C}}{1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C/}e^{-}} = \boxed{1.56 \times 10^{12} \text{ electrons}}$$