Chapter-26

1. A Van de Graaff generator produces a beam of 2.00-MeV deuterons, which are heavy hydrogen nuclei containing a proton and a neutron. (a) If the beam current is 10.0 µA, what is the average separation of the deuterons? (b) Is the electrical force of repulsion among them a significant factor in beam stability? Explain

1. Suppose you wish to fabricate a uniform wire from 1.00 g of copper. If the wire is to have a resistance of R = 0.500 Ω and all the copper is to be used, what must be (a) the length and (b) the diameter of this wire?
2. An aluminum wire with a diameter of 0.100 mm has a uniform electric field of 0.200 V/m imposed along its entire length. The temperature of the wire is 50.00C. Assume one free electron per atom. (a) Use the information in Table 26.2 to determine the resistivity of aluminum at this temperature. (b) What is the current density in the wire? (c) What is the total current in the wire? (d) What is the drift speed of the conduction electrons? (e) What potential difference must exist between the ends of a 2.00-m length of the wire to produce the stated electric field?