

Department of Physics National Dong Hwa University, 1, Sec. 2, Da Hsueh Rd., Shou-Feng, Hualien, 97401, Taiwan

Quiz-1 Solution

1. Solution :

► Distance is scalar but displacement is vector quantity.

► Total distance passed through the x-direction, X= (250+125cos30⁰) m = 358.25 m
Total distance passed through the y-direction, Y = (80+125sin30⁰-200) m = -57.5 m = 57.5 m = the distance between the south axis to end point.

Using Pythagoras law one can find the

resultant distance between entrance and end

point, $d = \sqrt{(X^2 + Y^2)}$

 $= \sqrt{\{(358.25)^2 + (57.5)^2\}}$

= 362.84 m

Since displacement is a vector quantity

we need to find the angle between the horizontal axis and straight distance from entrance to end point. Let the angle is θ .

We can find, $\tan\theta = Y/X = -57.5/362.25$ So, $\theta = -9.0^{\circ}$

Therefore, resultant displacement, D = 362.84 m at 9^o south of east. (Description is added due to understand clearly. Students need not to write elaborately)

2. Solution:

Dimension of force, $[F] = [MLT^{-2}]$ Given here, $a = (2.00^{\circ}i + 5.00^{\circ}j) \text{ m/s}^2$, m=10 kgWe know, $F= ma = 10 (2.00^{\circ}i + 5.00^{\circ}j) \text{ N} = (20.00^{\circ}i + 50.00^{\circ}j) \text{ N}$ Magnitude, $|F| = \sqrt{(20^2 + 50^2)} = 53.85 \text{ N}$

No, there is no effect of gravitational force. It will be canceled out by $Fsin\theta$.

3. Solution:

Newton's second law, F=ma

We know, Centripetal force $F = mv^2/r$, where r = radius

So, F= $\{5.97219 \times 10^{24} \text{ X} (30000)^2\}/150 \times 10^{10}$ = Use calculator please.

Yes. If not then the solar system will be destroyed. That means earth will be destroyed.



General Physics I, Quiz 1

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