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SN:\_\_\_\_\_\_, Name:\_\_\_\_\_

*Chapter 1-6, Serway; ABSOLUTELY NO CHEATING!* **Please write the answers on the blank space or on the back of this paper to save resources.** 

1. A fish swimming in a horizontal plane has velocity  $\vec{\mathbf{v}}_i = (4.00\hat{\mathbf{i}} + 1.00\hat{\mathbf{j}}) \text{ m/s}$  at a point in the ocean where the position relative to a certain rock is  $\vec{\mathbf{r}}_i = (10.0\hat{\mathbf{i}} - 4.00\hat{\mathbf{j}}) \text{ m}$ . After the fish swims with constant acceleration for 20.0 s, its velocity is  $\vec{\mathbf{v}}_i = (20.0\hat{\mathbf{i}} - 5.00\hat{\mathbf{j}}) \text{ m/s}$ . (a) What are the components of the acceleration of the fish? (b) What is the direction of its acceleration with respect to unit vector  $\hat{\mathbf{i}}$ ? (c) If the fish maintains constant acceleration, where is it at t = 25.0 s and in what direction is it moving?

2. The mass of a sports car is 1 200 kg. The shape of the body is such that the aerodynamic drag coefficient is 0.250 and the frontal area is 2.20 m<sup>2</sup>. Ignoring all other sources of friction, calculate the initial acceleration the car has if it has been traveling at 100 km/h and is now shifted into neutral and allowed to coast.