Midterm

20141112

\* Answer and mark clearly the questions in the provided answer sheets. Write down your name and student's ID on the each answer sheet you used. \* **Note:** No points will be given if no arguments are provided for an answer. For your information:  $\frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}\right) = \frac{g(x)f'(x) - f(x)g'(x)}{[g(x)]^2}$ *Good Luck!* ~~ *Yuling* 

1. (10 points) Find the indicated limit or show it does not exist. If the limiting value is infinite, indicate whether it is  $\infty$  or  $-\infty$ .

(a) 
$$\lim_{x \to 9} \frac{\sqrt{x} - 3}{x - 9}$$
 (b)  $\lim_{x \to 0^+} \sqrt{x\left(1 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)}$ 

2. (10 points) Find the value of the constant A so that the function f(x) will be continuous for all x, where

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x + 1} & \text{if } x < -1, \\ Ax^2 + x - 3 & \text{if } x \ge -1. \end{cases}$$

- 3. (10 points) Find all points (both coordinates) on the curve  $x^2 + xy + y^2 = 3$  where the tangent line is (a) horizontal and (b) vertical.
- 4. Find the absolute maximum and absolute minimum (if any) of
  - (a) (10 points)  $f(t) = 3t^5 5t^3$  for  $-2 \le t \le 0$ .
  - (b) (10 points)  $f(x) = \ln(4x x^2)$  for  $1 \le x \le 3$ .
- 5. (10 points) Find the equation of the tangent line to the graph of  $f(x) = x \ln \sqrt{x}$  at the point where x = 1.
- 6. (40 points) Find the derivative  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  or f'(x) where

(a) 
$$y e^{x-x^2} = x+y$$
 (b)  $y = \frac{(x^2+e^{2x})^3 e^{-2x}}{(1+x-x^2)^{2/3}}$  (c)  $f(x) = \frac{e^x+x}{\ln x}$  (d)  $f(x) = 5^{x^2}$ 

7. (10 points) Estimate your score. "Correct" if error within 10 points.