•
$$\frac{d}{dx}[f(x)g(x)] = f'(x)g(x) + g'(x)f(x)$$

•
$$\frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}\right) = \frac{g(x)f'(x) - f(x)g'(x)}{[g(x)]^2}$$

•
$$\frac{d}{dx}f(g(x)) = f'(g(x))g'(x)$$

Good Luck! ~~ Yuling (Yes) $\overset{\cdots}{\smile}$

1. (10 points) Find the domain and range of the function

$$f(x) = \frac{|x|}{x}$$

- 2. (10 points) Determine whether the function f(x) = |x+3| is one-to-one. If it is, find its inverse function.
- 3. (10 points) Describe the interval(s) on which the function f(x) is continuous. If there are any discontinuities, determine whether they are removable.

$$f(x) = \frac{x+4}{3x^2 - 12}$$

4. (30 points) Find the indicated limit or show it does not exist. If the limiting value is infinite, indicate whether it is ∞ or $-\infty$.

(a)
$$\lim_{x \to -3^{-}} \frac{|x+3|}{x+3}$$
 (b) $\lim_{x \to -2^{+}} \frac{3}{x^2-4}$ (c) $\lim_{x \to 4} \frac{\sqrt{x+5}-3}{x-4}$

5. (20 points) Find an equation of the tangent line to the given graph at the given point.

(a)
$$f(x) = \frac{(3x-2)(6x+5)}{2x-3}$$
; at $(-1,-1)$ (b) $y^2(x^2+y^2) = 2x^2$; at $(1,1)$

- 6. (10 points) Find $f''(1), f(x) = (x^3 2x)^3$
- 7. (10 points) Find the point(s), if any, at which the graph of

$$f(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{2x - 1}}$$

has a horizontal tangent line.